

Environmental Information Sheet

ZAMPRO DM MAPP 15013



A suspension concentrate formulation containing 300 g/l ametoctradin (a triazolopyrimidylamine fungicide) and 225 g/l dimethomorph (a cinnamic acid fungicide) for use in potatoes.

Maximum individual dose: 0.8 l/ha (240 + 180 g a.i./ha)

Maximum total dose: 3.2 l/ha (960 + 720 g a.i./ha)

Section	Profile
<p>1. WILDLIFE</p> <p>Mammals and Birds</p>	<p>Zampro DM is not classified as <i>'Harmful to game, wild birds and animals'</i>.</p> <p>No risk management is necessary to protect wild mammals and birds. Ametoctradin and dimethomorph are of low toxicity to mammals and birds. The risk to wild mammals and birds grazing on treated areas is low as is the risk due to exposure from other routes e.g. consumption of invertebrates such as insects.</p>
<p>2. BEES</p>	<p>No risk management necessary. Zampro DM is of low risk to bees.</p>
<p>3. NON TARGET INSECTS AND OTHER ARTHROPODS</p>	<p>No risk management necessary. Zampro DM poses a low risk to a range of arthropod species commonly found in and around treated fields, including predatory mites and aphid parasitoids.</p>
<p>4. AQUATIC LIFE</p>	<p>Zampro DM is <i>'VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS'</i>.</p> <p>Zampro DM is of low toxicity to aquatic invertebrates e.g. water flea and moderately toxic to fish and algae.</p> <p>No risk management necessary. However care should always be taken to ensure that surface waters or ditches are not contaminated through spillage or with the used container. <i>'Do not contaminate surface waters or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads'</i>.</p> <p>Not categorised under the LERAP scheme.</p>

